



**Conditions for improving the standard of living of the population**

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**Annotation:** The article describes the conditions for improving the living standards of the population, the formation and development of the labor market. It is also shown that the creation of additional opportunities to improve the living conditions of the population.

**Key words.** Population, population income increase, social economic development, production, stable economy, national currency.

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Increasing the standard of living of the population is the main goal of the economic reforms implemented in our country. During the years of independence, a number of results were achieved in improving the standard of living of the population in Uzbekistan. As the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan noted: "To create a solid foundation for the consistent improvement of the standard and quality of life of the population, which is developing rapidly and proportionately. As people's incomes increase, the financial situation of families also changes qualitatively."

Since the years of independence, the work of increasing the income of the population, improving the quality of education and health care workers, providing housing, and creating social amenities has been carried out on a large scale in our country. not given. Today, the result of these activities is reflected in a positive change in people's living standards. Nevertheless, in the meantime, the opportunities in our country are more than this, and in order to effectively use these opportunities, in-depth study of issues related to raising the standard of living of the population and making scientifically based suggestions on this is one of the urgent problems of today. [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10].

The level of scientific development of the problem.

Representatives of different generations of economists from ancient times to the present have considered problems related to the well-being and standard of living of the population, which was reflected in their views on the value of goods, the formation of wealth, its distribution, income policy, etc.

The theoretical and methodological principles of studying the problem of territorial socio-economic stratification of the population were based on the fundamental works of S. Brew, J. K. Galbraith, J. et al. M. Keynes, C. McConnell, C. Marks, A. Marshall, J. K. Et al. S. Mill, G. Myrdal, B. Pareto, A. S. P117, D. Ricardo, P. Samuelson, A. Sen, G. Sidgwick, A. Smith, J. B. Saye, F. A. Hayek, L. Erhard.

Various aspects of the theory and practice of the standard of living of the population are reflected in the works of local scientists, including L. I. Abalkin, A. G. Aganbegyan, N. I. Buzlyakova, N. A. Volgina, S. Yu. Glazyeva, N. A. Gorelova, V. I. Guryeva, E. I. Kapustin, E. D. Katulsky, Yu. P. Kokina, V. V. Kulikova, A. A. Razumova, A. S. Revaykina, V. M. Rutgeiser, G. S. Sarkisyan, P. E. Shlander, D. G. Shchepanovu.

Created the foundations of social statistics in our country and determined the methodological principles of studying the standard of living of the population. A. V. Chayanov, I. M. Shaposhnikov, F. A. Shcherbina, S. A. Aivazyanyan, V. N. Bobkova [11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19].

Scientific-practical research literature on socio-economic inequality of the population, including problems in the territorial sphere T. Golenkova, V. M. Jerebina, T. I. Zaslavskaya, A. Ya. Kiruta, V. F. Mayera, P. S. Mstislavsky, A. A. Poduzova, V. V. Radaeva, V. Ya. It was shown in the works of Raitsina, N. M. Rimashevskaya, A. N. Romanova, A. E. Surinova, A. Yu. Shevyakova, O. I. Shkaratana.

Despite the many scientific works devoted to the socio-economic stratification of the population, there are not enough scientific works devoted to the socio-economic stratification of the population. It is necessary to explain the problems of interregional comparison of living standards, which require a more scientific understanding of the population and a comprehensive analysis.

In the years of independence, the economic strategy of the country's government was mainly focused on solving the three most important tasks:

1. Stop production decline;
2. Achieving macroeconomic stability as the basis of economic growth;
3. Creating conditions for sustainable economic development.

In 1992, when the reforms of Uzbekistan had just started, President Islam Karimov emphasized that economic changes in Uzbekistan should take place in a stable situation. For this reason, in his book "On the way to deepening the economic reforms of Uzbekistan" (1992), the government policy is aimed at deepening the processes of privatization and the formation of the competitive situation, ensuring macroeconomic stability, strengthening the national currency, and deep structural changes in the economic system. aims to create a legal democratic state that provides strong social guarantees for its implementation [20,21,22,23,24,25].

Despite the fact that the permanent population of the republic increased by 31.4% in 2000-2017, the regular growth of the population's income over the last 17 years ensured the strengthening of financial opportunities and the increase in the volume of consumption of basic food products by the population. In particular, by the end of 2017, vegetables - 2770 kg, fruits - 145.2 kg, eggs - 215 pieces, meat and meat products - 43.2 kg, milk and milk products - 270.0 l. potatoes - 55.2 kg, sugar - 31.0 kg, vegetable oil - 24.0 l.

As a result of the implementation of targeted measures aimed at supporting small business and entrepreneurial entities, the share of the population's income from small business in 2017 was 55.7%.

In general, in recent years, the picture of social and economic development in our country is increasing, and the standard of living of the population is increasing. Here are the changes of some indicators:

In 2017, more than 50,000 people were included in the sample observations of households, and it shows that there are 5.1 people per household on average. 48.7% of the total observed population were men and 51.3% were women. Also, the share of children under the age of sixteen was 25.5%, the share of those aged sixteen and over was 74.5%, and the share of the working-age population in the republic was 58.8% of the total population [26,27,28,29].

Issues such as conducting the population census in the 3rd stage, improving the standard of living of the population based on the results of the population census, ensuring employment of the population, and developing targeted programs for the socio-economic development of our society.

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