

PUBLIC CONTROL-A SIGN OF A DEMOCRATIC STATE

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Abstract: *The article describes the nature of public control and its importance in the formation of a democratic state, the joint development of civil society and public control, as well as the entities conducting public control and forms of public control.*

Key words: *public control, state, public administration, democracy, civil society, people's sovereignty.*

Introduction: Uzbekistan is a multinational state with a population of more than 130 nationalities and nationalities. This multinational population makes up the people of Uzbekistan. The state authorities and governing bodies serve for the comfortable life of our anashu multinational people. Increasing the number of democratic institutions, strengthening their activities and freedom of speech by law contributes to increasing the role and importance of the subjects exercising public control.

The role and importance of public control in achieving the well-being of the people in Democratic updates and perspective is invaluable. The purpose of the implementation of public control is to ensure that the state, its bodies and officials of enterprises, organizations and institutions operate in accordance with the legislation, to achieve the rule of law in society.

Literature analysis and methodology: Although public control has a long history, it has been attributed to science as a scientific concept by T.Tard took and entered. In his interpretation, this concept represented a set of methods used to return the behavior of a criminal to the framework of regulatory rules. Later, the content of this concept expanded significantly. Such an expansion American sociologists E.Ross and R.It happened thanks to Park research. In their interpretation, public control refers to the influence exerted on an individual in order to bring his behavior in line with social norms[1].

As we know, in our country, as in all countries, ensuring the rule of law, the rights and freedoms of Man and citizens, equality between people in the international arena is the most important issue. Consequently, the solution of this problem necessitates the development of civil society institutions in Uzbekistan, and at the same time the establishment of public control.

Public control develops in a way related to the formation and development of civil society institutions. As civil society develops, wider opportunities and prospects for public control arise. On the second hand, the development of public control leads to the development of civil society institutions. The development of civil society cannot be imagined without public control, as it is impossible to imagine public control without civil society, which has developed and spread widely[2].

Discussion and results: In civil society, the activity of citizens, their indifference to social phenomena, the deep feeling that every leading employee working in government bodies is under the control of the public is of paramount importance in the development of society.

This process has several distinctive features:

First of all, factual and real public control is recognized as an integral sign of civil society, denoting the fact of the existence of civil society in Uzbekistan at the present time, representing a natural derivative of it, and, finally, as an integral sign of civil society.

Secondly: public control is a factor signifying the original power of civil society in the process of moving" from a strong state - to a strong civil society." The strengthening of public control leads to the strengthening of civil society and the emergence of a strong state.

Also, in the absence of public control over the activities of state bodies, the sovereignty of the people, the democratic nature of the state, the right to participate in the management of state affairs of citizens and society, the principle of transparency practically does not work. Public control over the activities of public authorities and management bodies is the activity of a number of social entities, carried out on the basis of separate procedures, to verify, evaluate the legality of state activities and the observance of human rights and freedoms[3].

The legal basis for the implementation of public control in the Republic of Uzbekistan has been created, this activity is regulated by the law "on public control" and Article 32 of the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan.

In accordance with the law, the subjects carrying out public control are defined as:

- Citizens of Uzbekistan,
- Self-government bodies of citizens
- Non-profit organizations,
- Media,

- Public control can also be carried out by public councils, commissions and other public organizational structures in accordance with the legislation.

Public control is carried out in the above forms

- appeals and requests to state bodies;
- participation in open jury meetings of state bodies;
- public discussion;
- public hearing;
- community monitoring;
- public examination;
- study of public opinion;
- hearing the reports and information of officials of state bodies by the self-government of citizens.

Public control can also be carried out in other forms in accordance with the legislation[4].

The obligation to have an institution of public control in a democratic society is a generally recognized principle of international law. Democratic society is defined by the existence of principles and institutions such as pluralism, rule of law, legality, political equality, public control and Government Accountability to society, regardless of their cultural, political, social and economic basis.

This approach to a democratic society is not limited to our country, although most countries of the world are recognized in the field of political science, the definition of the concept of "public control" still causes a lot of controversy. As any political concept, the term "public control" can be considered through its doctrinal and formal interpretations. Unfortunately, the official definition of the term is not given in any legislation. For example, in the law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "on public control", it is established that the purpose of the law is to regulate relations in the field of organization and implementation of public control over the activities of state bodies and institutions. However, the concept of public control of subjects, objects, principles, forms and results of public control is clearly and in a sense not defined. For these reasons, the decree of the president of the Republic of Uzbekistan of October 4, 2019 "on additional measures to increase the effectiveness of public control over socio-economic reforms carried out in our country, as well as the active

participation of citizens in the implementation of democratic reforms”was adopted. Also, the decision is aimed at bringing the quality of management decision-making to a new level based on the analysis of public opinion, expanding the participation of citizens in the management of state and Public Affairs, ensuring greater openness of the activities of government bodies and organizations[5].

Conclusion: Summing up, we can say that the development of mechanisms for the effective use of public control in our country, its establishment in accordance with the Constitution and laws, serves to develop institutions of civil society, to increase mutual trust between public authorities and management bodies and between people and citizens. This contributes to the development of legal and political culture, which has not yet developed in the minds of people.

The implementation of public control through social networks significantly increases the role of the media, acting as a bridge between authorities and people.

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